## 102752 to 102787—Continued.

small creamy tubular flowers are borne in large panicles.

102756. CLEMATIS ZEYLANICA (L.) Poir. Ranunculaceae.

A climbing shrub, native to India and Ceylon, with trifoliolate leaves having the terminal leaflet changed into a tendril. The solitary axillary flowers, about 1 inch across, have narrow green-white petals and yellow stamens.

For previous introduction see 93218.

102757. ELSHOLTZIA POLYSTACHYA Benth. Menthaceae.

A bushy annual 3 to 4 feet high, native to India. The serrate lanceolate leaves are 3 to 6 inches long, and the small white tubular flowers are borne in fascicled spikes 4 to 10 inches long.

102758, ERIOBOTRYA PETIOLATA Hook. f. Malaceae.

A stout tree with leathery leaves 6 to 9 inches long and white flowers, one-half inch in diameter, appearing in panicles 3 to 6 inches long and broad. It is native to Sikkim, India, between 5,000 and 9,000 feet altitude.

102759. EUPHORBIA SIKKIMENSIS Boiss. Euphorbiacege. Spurge.

A stout perennial 3 to 4 feet high, native to the Sikkim Himalayas at altitudes of 8,000 to 10,000 feet. The linear-lanceolate glabrous leaves are 2 to 4 inches long, and the small inconspicuous flowers are surrounded by broad ovate yellow bracts.

102760. FLEMINGIA CONGESTA ROXD. Fabaceae.

An erect shrub 4 to 6 feet high, with angular silky branchlets, native to southeastern Asia. The trifoliolate leaves have broadly lanceolate leaflets 4 to 6 inches long, and the small flowers, covered by the shining pale-brown silky calyx, are in dense oblong racemes 2 inches long.

102761. GAULTHERIA GRIFFITHIANA Wight. Ericaceae.

A stout shrub native to northern India up to an altitude of 9,000 feet. The leathery oblong long-pointed leaves are about 5 inches in length, and the broadly tubular yellow-green flowers, in racemes 2 to 3 inches long, are followed by brown, hairy fruits covered by the deep-blue enlarged calyx one-fifth of an inch in diameter.

102762. GAULTHERIA NUMMULARIOIDES Don. Ericaceae.

A procumbent shrub covering banks with much-branched densely leafy stems, native to the Himalayas up to an altitude of 9,000 feet. The leathery ovate leaves are one-half inch long, and the reddish or nearly white tubular flowers, one-fifth of an inch long, are on densely bracted pedicels. The small fleshy blueblack fruits are one-sixth of an inch in diameter.

102763, GERANIUM REFRACTUM Edgew. and Hook. f. Geraniaceae.

A glandular-hairy perennial herb 2 to 4 feet high, native to the Himalayas between 12,000 and 13,000 feet altitude. The palmately compound pubescent leaves, 3 inches wide, have 5 to 7 obtuse deeply lobed segments, and the white

## 102752 to 102787-Continued.

flowers, nearly 2 inches across, have reflexed petals and are borne in pairs on axillary or terminal peduncles.

102764. GLOBBA RACEMOSA J. E. Smith. Zinziberaceae.

A tropical herbaceous perennial with erect stems 2 feet high from a creeping rhizome. The oblong-lanceolate leaves are 6 to 9 inches long, and the bright-yellow tubular flowers, 1 inch long, are borne in a narrow panicle a foot long. Native to India.

102765. HYDRANGEA VESTITA Wall. Hydrangeaceae.

A tall shrub up to 15 feet high, native to the temperate Himalayas from 8,000 to 10,000 feet. The branchlets are hairy, and the oblong to ovate serrate leaves, 4 to 9 inches long, are densely white tomentose beneath.

102766. HYPERICUM HOOKERIANUM Wight and Arn. Hypericaceae.

St. Johnswort

A compact shrub up to 6 feet bigh, with bright red-brown branches, evergreen leaves 1 to 4 inches long, and many-flowered corymbs of large golden-yellow flowers, each about 2 inches across. Native to the Himalayas.

102767. HYPERICUM OBLONGIFOLIUM Choisy. Hypericaceae. St. Johnswort.

A shrub 3 to 6 feet high, native to the temperate slopes of the Himalayas at altitudes of 5,000 to 7,000 feet. The sessile ovate-lanceolate leaves are 1 to 3 inches long, and the nodding flowers, 2 inches across, are white on opening, turning light yellow with age.

For previous introduction see 99732.

102768. NAGEIA NERIIFOLIA (Don) Kuntze (Podocarpus neriifolia Don). Taxaceae.

A glabrous evergreen tree, native to southeastern Asia. The straight or falcate leathery leaves are 4 to 8 inches long, and the solitary globose seeds, one-fourth of an inch in diameter, grow on fleshy oblong peduncles.

102769. OSTODES PANICULATA Blume. Emphorbiaceae.

A tree, native to India and Java, with pubescent branchets and stout white-barked branches. The leathery long-pointed serrate ovate leaves are 8 to 12 inches long, and the inconspicuous flowers, in glabrous panicles a foot long, are followed by rough three-lobed woody capsules an inch long.

102770. PELIOSANTHES MACROPHYLLA Wall. Liliaceae.

A perennial herb with horizontal reotstocks, native to India at an altitude of 600 feet or less. The elliptic-lanceolate leaves, 12 to 18 inches long, are in a rosette from which rise the erect bracted scapes bearing racemes of purple-green broadly campanulate flowers.

102771. PINUS ROXBURGHII Sargent (P. longifolia Roxb.). Pinaceae. Pina.

A tree, native to the lower Himalayas at altitudes of 1,500 to 7,500 feet, often over 100 feet high, with a round symmetrical head, but sometimes stunted and gnarled. The light-green pendulous leaves, in clusters of three, are 9 to 12